

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

SECTION 1: Identification: P	roduct identifier and chemical identity
Product identifier	
Product name	TG.C101.500 TensorGrip C101 Aerosol
Relevant identified uses of th	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Application	Aerosol.
Details of the supplier of the	safety data sheet
Supplier	Quin Global PTY LTD 63 Hincksman Street Queanbeyan NSW 2620 (02) 6175 0574 info@quin-global.com.au
Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone	+61 2 6175 0574 National Poison Line AU 13 11 26
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) ident	ification
Classification of the substant	ce or mixture
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Label elements Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Additional information	For professional users only.

Precautionary statements	P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces No smoking.
	P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P261 Avoid breathing spray.
	P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273 Avoid release to the environment.
	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.
	P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
	P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	P391 Collect spillage.
	P405 Store locked up.
	P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
	P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Orange, sweet, ext., Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

#### Contains

Orange, sweet, ext., Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

### Other hazards

Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

### Mixtures

### Orange, sweet, ext.

CAS number: 8028-48-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

### Petroleum gases, liquefied

CAS number: 68476-85-7

Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280 30-60%

30-60%

# Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-

### hexane

CAS number: ----

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

### Acetone

CAS number: 67-64-1

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

### n-Hexane

CAS number: 110-54-3

### Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Repr. 2 - H361f STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

General information	If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

5-10%

10-30%

<1%

Skin Contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force skin apart.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and	l effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Get medical attention. During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion	May cause stomach pain or vomiting. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Dryness and/or cracking. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds.
Eye contact	Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May cause discomfort. May be slightly irritating to eyes.
Indication of any immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measurements	sures
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from t	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Harmful gases or vapours.
Advice for firefighters	

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Hazchem Code	2YE

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cont	tainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Approach the spillage from upwind. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Flush away spillage with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

### Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	For professional users only. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store at temperatures between 10°C and 25°C. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with national regulations. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Flammable compressed gas storage.
Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.
SECTION 8: Exposure contro	Is and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

#### Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 1000 ppm 1800 mg/m³ Carc. 1B

### Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 500 ppm 1185 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): 1000 ppm 2375 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

### n-Hexane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): 20 ppm 72 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Carc. 1B = Presumed to have carcinogenic potential for humans.

#### Exposure controls

### Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Information on basic	physical and chemical properties
Appearance	Aerosol.

Colour	Clear liquid.
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	Not available.

рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Evaporation factor	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility Value (g/100g H2O 20°C)	Not available.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.
Other information	No information required.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity
Reactivity	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Acrid smoke or fumes.
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	ormation
Information on toxicological eff	iects

### Information on toxicological effects

Other health effects No data available.

Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD=o)Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC=o)Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.Skin corrosion/irritation Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation Sk
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Skin sensitisationMay cause an allergic skin reaction.Germ cell mutagenicityBased on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity         Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity -       Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.         development       Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Target organs         Central nervous system
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b> Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard       May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>General information</b> The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation During application and drying, solvent vapours will be emitted. Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.
Ingestion Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.
<b>Skin Contact</b> Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Redness. Irritating to skin.
<b>Eye contact</b> Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. May be slightly irritating to eyes. May cause discomfort.
SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Tavialt	America Obranica 2. 11444 Tavia to america life with lange lacting affacts
Toxicity	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	There are no data on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations
Waste treatment methods	
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents.
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation
UN number	
UN No. (ADG)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (ADG)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS (CONTAINS Orange, sweet, ext., Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,
(IMDG)	cyclics, <5% n-hexane)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADG class	2.1
ADG classification code	5F
ADG label	2.1

IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
Transport labels	



### Packing group

ADG packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None

### Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



### Special precautions for user

EmSF-D, S-UHazchem Code2YE

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	21/04/2017
Revision	5
Supersedes date	26/07/2016
SDS No.	21619

Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H220 Extremely flammable gas.</li> <li>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated</li> <li>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H361f CLP only - Suspected of damaging fertility.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
	H36 H CEP only - Suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.